

E04URF – NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

Note. Before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of bold italicised terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

To supply individual optional parameters to E04UNF or E04UPF.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE E04URF (STRING)
CHARACTER*(*)      STRING
```

3 Description

E04URF may be used to supply values for optional parameters to E04UNF or E04UPF. It is only necessary to call E04URF for those parameters whose values are to be different from their default values. One call to E04URF sets one parameter value.

Each optional parameter is defined by a single character string of up to 72 characters, consisting of one or more items. The items associated with a given option must be separated by spaces, or equal signs [=]. Alphabetic characters may be upper or lower case. The string

```
Print Level = 1
```

is an example of a string used to set an optional parameter. For each option the string contains one or more of the following items:

- (a) A mandatory keyword.
- (b) A phrase that qualifies the keyword.
- (c) A number that specifies an INTEGER or *real* value. Such numbers may be up to 16 contiguous characters in Fortran 77's I, F, E or D formats, terminated by a space if this is not the last item on the line.

Blank strings and comments are ignored. A comment begins with an asterisk (*) and all subsequent characters in the string are regarded as part of the comment.

Normally, each user-specified option is printed as it is defined, on the current advisory message unit (see X04ABF), but this printing may be suppressed using the keyword **nolist**. Thus the statement

```
CALL E04URF ('Nolist')
```

suppresses printing of this and subsequent options. Printing will automatically be turned on again after a call to E04UNF or E04UPF, and may be turned on again at any time by the user, by using the keyword **list**.

Optional parameter settings are preserved following a call to E04UNF or E04UPF, and so the keyword **defaults** is provided to allow the user to reset all the optional parameters to their default values by the statement,

```
CALL E04URF ('Defaults')
```

prior to a subsequent call to E04UNF or E04UPF.

A complete list of optional parameters, their abbreviations, synonyms and default values is given in Section 11 of the document for E04UNF and Section 11 of the document for E04UPF.

4 References

None.

5 Parameters

- 1: STRING — CHARACTER*(*) *Input*
On entry: a single valid option string (as described in Section 3 above and in Section 11 of the document for E04UNF and Section 11 of the document for E04UPF).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If the parameter STRING is not recognized as a valid option string, then a warning message is output on the current advisory message unit (see X04ABF).

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Further Comments

E04UQF may also be used to supply optional parameters to E04UNF or E04UPF.

9 Example

Section 9.1 of the document for E04UQF.
